## What Is Claimed Is:

- 1. A monoclonal antibody which specifically binds to B7.1 antigen (CD80) or B7.2 antigen (CD86), and which antibody inhibits the binding of said B7.1 or B7.2 antigen to CD28.
- 2. The monoclonal antibody of claim 1 wherein said antibody specifically binds to B7.1 antigen (CD80).
- 3. The monoclonal antibody of claim 2 wherein said antibody does not inhibit the binding of B7.1 antigen to CTLA-4.
- 4. The monoclonal antibody of claim 1 wherein said antibody specifically binds to B7.2 antigen (CD86).
- 5. The monoclonal antibody of claim 4 wherein said antibody does not inhibit the binding of B7.2 antigen to CTLA-4.
- 6. The monoclonal antibody of claim 1 which inhibits the production of IL-2 by T cells.
- 7. The monoclonal antibody of claim 2 which selectively inhibits the interaction of B and T cells via the CD28/B7.1 pathway.
- 8. The monoclonal antibody of claim 4 which selectively inhibits the interaction of B and T cells via the CD28/B7.2 pathway.
- 9. The monoclonal antibody of claim 1 which is capable of inhibiting in vitro the production of IL-2 by T lymphocytes.

- 10. The monoclonal antibody of claim 9 wherein said antibody is capable of inhibiting IL-2 production when added to a T lymphocyte containing culture at a concentration of at least 10  $\mu g/ml$ .
- $\sim$  11. A monoclonal antibody which binds to the same epitope on B7.1 as 16C10 or 7C10, or which monoclonal antibody inhibits the interaction of 16C10 or 7C10 with B7.1.
- 12. The monoclonal antibody of claim 1 which is a primatized antibody.
- 13. The monoclonal antibody of claim 1 which is a human, chimeric mouse/human, or humanized antibody.
- 14. The monoclonal antibody of claim 1 wherein said B7.1 is human B7.1.
- 15. The monoclonal antibody of claim 1 wherein said B7.2 is human B7.2.
- 16. A method of treating a disease involving T cell/B cell interactions comprising administering an amount of a monclonal antibody according to claim 2 sufficient to inhibit the binding of B cells and T cells via the B7.1/CD28 pathway.
- 17. A method of treating a disease involving T cell/B cell interactions comprising administering an amount of a monclonal antibody according to claim 4 sufficient to inhibit the binding of B cells and T cells via the B7.2/CD28 pathway.

- 18. The method of claim 16 wherein said disease is an autoimmune disorder.
- 19. The method of claim 17 wherein said disease is an autoimmune disorder.
- 20. The method of claim 16 wherein said disease is selected from the group consisting of idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura, systemic lupus erythematosus, type 1 diabetes mellitus, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis, aplastic anemia, inflammatory bile disease, allergy and multiple sclerosis.
- 21. The method of claim 17 wherein said disease is selected from the group consisting of idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura, systemic lupus erythematosus, type 1 diabetes mellitus, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis, aplastic anemia, inflammatory bile disease, allergy and multiple sclerosis.
- 22. The method of claim 16 wherein said disease is graft-versus-host disease.
- 23. The method of claim 17 wherein said disease is graft-versus-host disease.
- 24. The method of claim 16 wherein said disease is selected from the group consisting of B cell lymphoma, infectious diseases, and inflammatory diseases.
- 25. The method of claim 17 wherein said disease is selected from the group consisting of B cell lymphoma, infectious diseases, and inflammatory diseases.

- 26. A pharmaceutical composition suitable for treatment of a disease treatable by inhibition of B7:CD28 binding which comprises an antibody according to claim 1.
- 27. The method of claim 16 wherein the antibody is administered in combination with other recombinant protein or small molecule immunosuppressants.
- 28. The method of claim 17 wherein the antibody is administered in combination with other recombinant protein or small molecule immunosuppressants.